



Quo-Connectivity

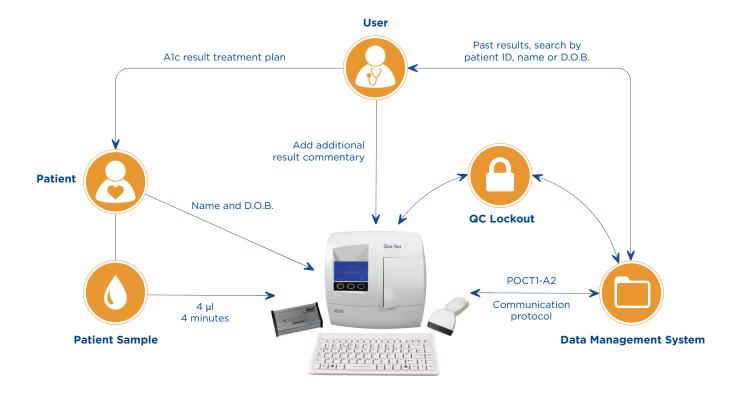
The Quo-Test and Quo-Lab connectivity solution

- Bi-directional POCTI-A2 communication protocol
- Fast and easy recall of patient results improves traceability
- Only trained users able to access and use the system
- QC Lockout ensures the system is always working within QC parameters





Connectivity explained



CONNECTIVITY PACK NOW AVAILABLE

The connectivity package uses the POCTI-A2 communication protocol, allowing the analyzers to transmit patient data to the majority of Lab Information Management Systems (LIMS) in use today.

Patient demographic information and additional test commentary can be added to each test result, using either the standard barcode scanner or the new add-on keyboard. This enables patient results to be linked and traced throughout the system. Operator IDs can be added to test results, significantly improving the traceability and security applied to every HbA1c reading.

In addition to these functions, enhanced quality control is available with multiple user-defined QC lockout options, ensuring that tests can only be run according to localised QC procedures.

	Updated feature	Advantage
Connect, store and recall results with ease	POCT1-A2 communication protocol.	Simple and industry recognize bi-directional communication protocol that enables you to feed patient results into your LIS automatically.
Increased patient demographic information	Add patient ID, patient name, family name and D.O.B on all tests either by a barcode scan or via keyboard.	Fast and easy recall of patient results, improves traceability across the entire patient population.
Enhanced security	Trained user access control (user ID lockout).	Minimize chances of user error and adhere to institution protocol by restricting access to trained users only.
Improved compliance	QC Lockout	Three different user defined QC schedules to enforce a regular testing of QC materials.
Result commentary	Aditional commentary can be added to any test result.	Gives the user pertinent information relating to the patient condition.



